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2020 CERTIFICATION

tranklin County Water	ence Report (CCR) HSSOCIATION,	Enc
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The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community of Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provide procedures when distributing the CCR.	population served by the PWS, this CC	R must be mailed or delivered to
CCR DISTRIBUTION (CA	neck all boxes that apply.)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, was	ter bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)		5/13/202
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)		
□ Other		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water by	oill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment		
$\hfill\Box$ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message		
$\hfill\Box$ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or	proof of publication)	
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations)		
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL):		
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the custome above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring da Water Supply.	ers of this public water system in the I further certify that the information ta provided to the PWS officials by Title	n included in this CCR is true
SUBMISSION OPTIONS (S	Select one method ONLY)	
You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a c	opy of the CCR and Certification	to the MSDH.
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.ge	<u>ov</u>
P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)

CCR DEADLINE TO MSDH & CUSTOMERS: BY JULY 1, 2021

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2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Franklin County Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 0190008, 0190009, 0190010, 0190014 & 0190015 April 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jan Graves at 601.384.2046. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of the month at 5:30 PM at135 HWY 98 E, Bude, MS 39630.

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Miocene Series Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Franklin County Water Association have received a lower ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#	019000	8		TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2019*	.002	.0018002	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2019*	1.5	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2017/19*	₃₄ 1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2019*	,323	.28323	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; wate additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

17. Lead	N	2017/19)* 3	0	0 ppb 0 AL=		15 Corrosion of h systems, eros deposits	ousehold plumbing ion of natural		
Sodium	N	2019*	67000	No Range		ppb		0		ater Treatment ater Softeners and ents.
Disinfection	n By-	Product	S							
81. HAA5	N	2020	33	No Range	ppb		0	60	By-Product of drir disinfection.	king water
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2020	29.3	No Range	ppb		0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2020	1.9	1 - 3	mg/l		0	MRDL = 4	Water additive us microbes	ed to control

PWS ID#	<i>†</i> 019000	9		TEST RE	SULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRD	Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0021	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018*	.8	No Range	ppb	100) 10	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20	,1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1	 .3 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018*	.565	No Range	ppm	2		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20	3	0	ppb	C	AL=	15 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	69000	No Range	ppb	C		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	on By-P	roducts						
81. HAA5		2020 7	6 N	o Range	opb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2020 1	.8 0	-2.5 r	ng/l	0 MRDL = 4 V		Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#	019001	0		TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected			MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0456	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	2017/19*	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2020	.21	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	16000	No Range	ppb	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.

Disinfection By-Products											
81. HAA5	N	2018*	7	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.			
Chlorine	N	2020	1.4	0– 2	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes			

PWS ID#	019001	4		TEST RE	SULTS				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRD	Measure -ment	MCI	LG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contam	inants							
8. Arsenic	N	2018*	6	No Range	ppb		п/а	1	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0774	No Range	ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	24000	No Range	ppb		0		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	n By-Pı	roducts							
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]			1.21 N	lo Range	opb	0	80		By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2020 2	2 1	- 3.5	ng/l	0	MRDL	- · I	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID# 0	190015			TEST RE	SUI	LTS				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detect # of Sample Exceeding MCL/ACL/MR	es	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	МС	L	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contam	inants								
8. Arsenic	N	2018*	1.1	No Range		ppb	n/	а	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runof from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0397	No Range		ppm		2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2016/18*	.2	0		ppm	1.	3 AL	=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2016/18*	2	0		ppb		0 AL	.=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	13000	No Range		ppb		0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	n By-Pı	roducts								
81. HAA5			1	No Range	ppb		0	60		y-Product of drinking water isinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2017*	4.46	No Range	ppb		0			y-product of drinking water hlorination.
Chlorine	N	2020	1.1 .	9 – 1.5	mg/l		0 1	*		later additive used to control nicrobes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Franklin County Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Franklin County Water Association, Inc. PWS#. 0190008, 0190009, 0190010, 0190014 & 0190015 April 2021

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Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#	019000	8		TEST 1	RES	ULTS			8 8 811919 periny in \$10,000,000.
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Collected	Leve Detect	ed # of Sam Exceedi	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL		MCLG	MC	CL Likely Source of Contemination
Inorganic	Contam	inants			40				- "
10. Barium 13. Chromlum	N	2019*	.002	.0018002		ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N N	2019*	1.5	No Range		ppb	100	7153	100 Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2017/19*	.1	0		ppm	1.3	AL≃	21.3 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N N	2017/19*	323	.28323		gaa	0	AL=	Erosion of natural deposits; wete additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories Corresion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
		2019*	67000	No Range		ppb	0		 Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	n By-Pr	oducts							
B1, HAA5	- S	2020 3	3	No Range	ppb		0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
B2. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N 2	020 2	9.3	No Range	bbp		0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine "	N 2	020 1	.9	1 - 3	mg/l		0 MRC	L=4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#	019000	9		TEST RESU	LTS			
Conteminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0021	No Range	ррт	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; croslen of netural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018*	.8	No Range	ppp	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposite; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018*	,565	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; wate edditive which promotes atrong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20	3	0	ррь	0	AL=15	Corresion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Sodium	N	2019*		9000	No Range		ppb		0		0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfecti		roduci	S									
81. HAA5	N	2020	76	N	o Range	ppb		0		60	By	Product of drinking water
Chlorine	N	2020	1.8	0	- 2.5	, mg/l		0	MRE	L=4	W	ater additive used to control crobes
PWS ID	# 01900	10			TEST	RESU	LTS	-			b .	
Contaminant	Violatio Y/N	Date Collect		Level Detected	Range of Do	ing	Unit Measure -ment	MC	LG	MC	L	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contar	ninants	1 11					_				
10. Barium	. N	2018*	.0	3458	No Range		ppm		2			Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; groaten of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	,2017/19			0		ppb		0	AL:	-15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nilrate (as Nilrogen)	N	2020	3		No Range		ppm		10		10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2018*	1	8000	No Range		ppb		٥		0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sawage Effluents.
Disinfection	n By-P	roduct	1	-				_	-		_	
81. HAAS	N	2018*	7	No	Range	ppb	1	0	-	60		
Chlorino	N	2020	1.4	0-	2	mg/l		0	MRD	disinfection. IRDL = 4 Water additive used to control microbes		er additive used to control

PWS ID#	019001	4		TEST RE	SULTS				
Contaminent	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detector	Range of Detects # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRD	Measure -ment	MCLG	MC	Likely Source	of Contamination
Inorganie (Contam	inants							
8. Areenic	N	2018*	8.	No Renge	ррь	n/a		from orchards	ural deposits; runof runoff from glass s production wastes
10. Barlum	N	2018*	.0774	No Range	ppm	2		2 Discharge of c	frilling wastes;
Sodium	N	2019*	24000	No Range	ppb	0			ator Treatment ater Softeners and ints
Disinfection	n By-Pr	oducts							
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]			1.21	No Range p	dq	0	80	By-product of dring chlorination.	king water
Chlorine	N :	2020	2	1 – 3.5 n	ng/l	0 MF	RDL = 4	Water additive used to control	

PWS ID# 0	190015	5		TEST RE	SULTS	5			
Conteminant	Violetion Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detecte		s Mea	nit isure ient	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contemination
Inorganic	Contan	inants							
8. Arsenic	N	2018*	1.1	No Range	ppb		n/a		from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production waste
10. Barium	N	2018*	.0397	No Range	ppn	_	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/18*	.2	0	ppn	,	1,3	AL=1	 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2016/18*	2	0	ppb		0	AL⇒1	 Corresion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	13000	No Range	ppb		0		Road Solt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	n By-Pi	roducts		a contract					
81. HAA5	N	2017*	1	No Range	pph "		0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82 TTHM [Total irihalomethanes]	N	2017*	4.46	No Range	ppb		0	50	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chiorina	N	2020	1.1	.9 – 1.5	·mg/l		0 MF	DL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020.

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The Franklin County Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect